



ALEXANDRIA.

THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 6.

MANY of the acts of the workingmen of this country prove that those men are not Solomon. But, for all that, there is nothing to show that they are such egregious fools as some of the demagogues must take them to be, from the manner in which they treat them. Gov. Hill, of New York, for instance, in order to induce them to swell his boom for the next Presidency, says they should have holiday all of every Saturday. As work is not too plentiful anyhow, and as it is natural and patent that no employer will pay six days' wages for five days' work, why the laborers who have work should be deprived of one sixth of their wages, is what no sensible workman can tell. Most every body in this country has to work; the rich to save what they have, those in moderate circumstances to better their condition, and the poor to keep from starving. And as those who labor with their coats on have to work every Saturday, there is no good reason why those who labor in their shirt sleeves should not do the same. And this is as plain to the laborer with common sense as to anybody else. No sane man wants to work for the sake of working, and all would like to have holiday every day in the week; but from the day of Adam man has had to earn his bread by the sweat of his face, and many a man not only on six days of the week, but on six nights and Sunday also. Such transparent demagogism as that of Gov. Hill sustains the GAZETTE's idea that the democracy must look elsewhere than to New York for their next Presidential nominee.

MR. COX, of New York, one of the leaders of the democratic party in the United States House of Representatives, says the import duty on sugar should be removed, and that the Treasury surplus should be expended in the erection of coast defenses and the building of a navy. There is no doubt that the duty on sugar should be removed, but so should that on all the other necessities of life; and why the only protected peculiarly Southern product, and that on which the tariff is really a source of large revenue, should be selected for exemption from duty, in order that the protection of all the Northern products may be continued, is what only a Northern man can tell. Then, also, why, if the prescriptive policy of the country, the avoidance of entangling foreign alliances, be continued, the people should be taxed to raise hundreds of millions of dollars for coast defenses and navies, when there is no probability of the necessity of either, is what many thinking people find it hard to understand. When leading democrats advocate such measures as those referred to, is it at all strange that there should be dissatisfied, discontent and dissatisfaction among the rank and file of the party.

It is observed that the river and harbor bill as prepared by the committee of the U. S. House of Representatives to whom the preparation of that bill was entrusted, contains no appropriation for creeks. The reason of this is the remarkable one that the prevailing impression in the West is that a creek is a stream that can be jumped over, and the members of the committee are afraid of the strictures of the Western newspapers should they make appropriations for any streams called creeks. It would be well, therefore, in future, for people wanting appropriation for Virginia creeks larger than many Western rivers, such as Mattox, Neabson, Ocoquan, Nomin and other navigable streams called creeks, to designate them as rivers, in which case they will probably have their wishes gratified.

FROM WASHINGTON.
[Special Correspondence of the ALEX. GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 6, 1887.
A gentleman from Alexandria county, in the city to-day, said, with reference to the aqueduct bridge lately purchased by the United States, that an effort was being made to have congressman Barbour intercede with the government to have the bridge thrown open to travel for vehicles. The bridge is now open to foot travel only. The officials claim the bridge is unsafe for heavily loaded wagons, and the people contend it is safe, and are willing to go over at their own risk. He said that the people in his county were much elated at having a free bridge at last, and wanted, when the old aqueduct was pulled down and the new bridge put up, to have it called the "Barbour Bridge," in honor of congressman Barbour, to whose untiring efforts they attribute the good fortune of obtaining this great public benefit.

The river and harbor bill has been completed. The Virginia appropriations are as follows: For Norfolk harbor, \$6,000; Chesapeake, \$2,000; James, \$100,000; Mataponi, \$2,000; New, \$5,000; Pamunkey, \$2,000; York, \$12,500; Dan, \$1,500. One hundred thousand dollars is the sum recommended for the reclamation of the Potomac flats, none of which shall be expended on the parts of the flats about the ownership of which there is dispute.

The Senate to-day a large number of petitions were introduced for various philanthropic purposes, prohibiting Sunday traffic, punishing seduction, for educating the poor, for restricting the use of liquor, &c. The resolution for information respecting the Pacific railroad loans was passed. Mr. Mitchell, of Pennsylvania, called up the bill to pension the widow of General Logan at the rate of \$2,000 a year. Mr. Maxey said that as there was no proof that the General had died of a disease contracted during the war he would like to have that proof before he voted for a bill that might establish a dangerous precedent. Messrs. Mitchell, Culham and Sewell all asserted

that the proof required was plain and indisputable. Mr. Vest offered an amendment giving an equal pension to the widow of General Blair. He said General Blair, though a Southern man and living in a Southern State, and a slave holder, was the first man, and at great personal danger, to raise troops in that State for the Union army, and that his services to the Union were second to none in that army. That he held the same military rank that General Logan did, and that like General Logan he was a defeated candidate for the Vice-Presidency. Mr. Vest said he did not offer the amendment to retard the passage of the bill, but to show equal favor to a widow as deserving as Mrs. Logan. Mrs. Blair, nor any of her friends had suggested the amendment. It was his own. Mr. Hawley hoped Mr. Vest would withdraw his amendment, as it would detract from the honor of both the proposed beneficiaries. He agreed with all Mr. Vest had said, and was willing to help Mrs. Blair to the uttermost, but he wanted this bill passed in respect of the memory of Logan. Mr. Vest said he would withdraw it, but would to-morrow introduce a bill to give Mrs. Blair an equal pension. Mr. Hawley said he would support it. Mr. Berry, of Arkansas, opposed the bill on the ground that it conferred a special favor. Mr. Call supported it, and it was passed without an aye and no vote. Censorious people in the gallery said Mr. Call spoke in favor of the bill for the reason that his son was yesterday nominated for U. S. district attorney for Florida, and he wanted him confirmed. The Senate then took up the bill to enforce the treaty with China respecting the opium trade, and then resumed the consideration of the inter-state commerce bill.

The House was occupied with the consideration of the bill to make the Erie canal Government property.

A private telegram received here to-day from representative Matson, who is now at Indianapolis, says, in reference to the Senatorial contest now in progress there: "Things look wholesome." As Mr. Matson is a democrat, this indicates that a democrat will be elected.

Mr. Bunting, chairman of the Norfolk county Mahone committee, Mr. Lyons, the Mahone treasurer of that county, Mr. Martin, the Mahone county clerk, and Mr. Carney, member of the Mahone county committee, were here yesterday in consultation with General Mahone on party matters in that county. A committee from Norfolk will be here next Wednesday to urge General Mahone and Senator elect Daniel to oppose the bill for changing the Norfolk custom's district. Another committee from the same city is here to urge the Secretary of the Navy to have some of the work for the navy done at the Norfolk navy yard.

Mr. John Maddox, of Alexandria, has been appointed proof reader in the document room of the government printing office.

The House District of Columbia Committee to-day agreed upon the order of the bills they shall press. First, the school bill, then a motion to allow an extra day for the consideration of the cable railroad bill, then the bridge for the Eastern Branch, and then such bills on the Senate calendar as the chairman of the committee shall designate. At the instance of a representative of the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE, Mr. Barbour, chairman of the House District of Columbia Committee, and Mr. Compton, the representative from the Prince George's county, Maryland district, a member of the same committee, saw Mr. Wilson, a member of the sub-committee which has the preparation of the District Appropriation bill in charge, to-day and urged him to include in that bill a provision for the purchase or charter of an ice boat to keep open the Washington harbor and his approach during the winter.

John Pope Hodge, the labor reformer of Washington, but never before known as a lawyer, was admitted to practice in the U. S. Supreme Court to-day, on motion of the Attorney General, to whom he had just been introduced.

There was an executive session of the Senate yesterday, but no Virginia nominations were considered.

Contrary to general expectation, as the thirty required calendar days had expired during which it could be done, the name of Mr. Manning was sent to the Senate to-day by Mr. S. Mitchell, the register of bills. It is supposed that the President thinks the constitution means legislative, and not calendar days.

From private sources of information it is learned to-day that Mr. Randall will attempt to pass a bill for removing the tax on tobacco and fruit liquor, but that such a bill will not pass. The petition of John A. Christian, of Augusta county, Va., that his claim be referred to the Court of Claims. Mr. O'Ferrall presented petitions of R. F. Harris, R. T. W. Duke, Jr., J. H. Peck, J. D. Watson, and other citizens of Albemarle county, Va., for the passage of the agricultural experiment bill.

The Columbia democratic club of this city last night adopted resolutions denouncing the nomination of Matthews, the colored recorder of deeds of this city, as a violation of the pledges made at the national democratic convention. The only vote against it was cast by Darius G. Garrett, the register of bills. While the report was under consideration U. S. Marshal Wilson, president of the club, resigned his membership.

The Gazette.
The ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE has entered upon its eighty-eighth year of its life, and though the oldest paper in the State next to the Leesburg Washingtonian, it is still possessed of youthful vigor. Occasionally it gets on the wrong track and pursues its course with an energy worthy of a better cause, but it gets it right after a while and will do so again soon.—Warrenton Virginian.

The ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE on Saturday began the 88th year of its existence. Notwithstanding its age and the high standard set up in its early days, the GAZETTE keeps fully up to the mark, and in all things is abreast of the times. Its news and editorial columns are well managed and filled, and the old journal richly deserves the popularity it has through Virginia.—London Mirror.

The ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE is one of the oldest and most enterprising journals of the State. Besides its general and local news, its Washington correspondence is a feature of value and interest.—Staunton Spectator.

The ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE has arrived at the age of eighty-eight years. It is still hale and hearty, and its present conductor is a grandson of the founder.—Richmond State.

On the first instant that venerable and excellent journal, the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE, began the 88th year of its existence. We wish it many happy returns.—Fredericksburg Star.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The production of anthracite coal for 1886 was 32,426,722 tons.

The total funded debt of the District of Columbia is \$21,041,000.

Ames, Beattie & Co., furniture dealers, Memphis, Tenn., assigned yesterday. Liabilities \$13,000.

The Cincinnati and Eastern Railroad has been sold by order of court to the Ohio and Northwestern for \$1,000,000.

The Porte is seeking a solution of the Bulgarian difficulty that shall be in accord with the general wish of the powers.

A majority of the New York dealers in leaf tobacco favor the abolition of all government taxes upon its manufacture.

In the U. S. Senate yesterday, Mr. Plumb introduced a bill fixing the amount of U. S. bonds to be required of national banks.

Mr. John Roach is gradually growing weaker, though the change yesterday was very slight. No sudden change is anticipated.

Lord Northbrook has decided not to accept a position in the British cabinet. Lord Salisbury is urging the Marquis of Lansdowne to enter the ministry.

A New York attorney has written to Secretary Lamar suggesting that the general government is in a position to sue States which have repudiated their bonded indebtedness.

The House of Representatives yesterday passed the Indian and Military Academy appropriation bills. The resignation of Hon. James W. Reid, Representative from the fifth Congressional district of North Carolina, was presented.

The report of the local inspectors of steam vessels for this district, which includes Baltimore and all the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Virginia, Annapolis, Washington, Georgetown and this city &c., will show that during the year 1886 there was not a life lost by explosion, fire or collision.

At a joint convention of the republican members of the Pennsylvania House and Senate, held yesterday to nominate a candidate for Senator to succeed John I. Mitchell, the names of M. S. Quay, the present State Treasurer, and G. A. Grow were proposed. A call of the roll decided in favor of Quay by a vote of 153 to 9. The nomination was then made unanimous.

The will of the late General William W. Loring, formerly of the Confederate army, leaving one-half of his estate to Albert A. Munez, who is to use the interest for his support. The rest of the estate goes to the testator's two daughters, Mary C. and the wife of Herbert Royston, and the wife of William W. Loring Spencer, late United States Senator from Alabama. At Mr. Munez's death his portion will revert to the testator's two daughters.

Both houses of the Connecticut Legislature met yesterday and organized by electing the republican nominees for officers. The committee on the canvass of the votes for State officers reported that there was no majority, and that Phineas C. Lounsbury and E. S. Cleveland were the highest in the vote. An adjournment was then taken until Thursday, when the two houses will meet in joint convention to ballot for Governor and State officers. There being 31 republican majority on joint ballot, the republican candidates for State officers will be elected.

A resolution was adopted in the republican caucus of the Pennsylvania Legislature yesterday providing that a committee of seventeen be appointed to prepare an amendment to the constitution to be submitted to a vote of the people of the State, providing that the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage in the State shall be forever prohibited; and providing also that compensation be made for real estate used for the manufacture and sale of liquors in such cases as its value shall be diminished by the passage of the amendment.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The Secretary of the Treasury recommends an appropriation of \$50,000 for the erection of a light-house at Bush's Bluff.

Col. Wm. E. Tanner, president of the Tanner-Delaney Engine Co., in Richmond, has resigned that position, and W. B. Trigg, the vice-president of the company elected in his place.

Mr. John B. Wildman, of the firm of Wildman & Sons, of Leesburg, has gone to New York, where he has accepted a position as salesman in the house of Butler, Clapp & Co.

Judge Waller R. Staples and E. C. Burks and Major John W. Riely, commissioners appointed to revise the Code of Virginia, are now holding a session in Richmond. They expect soon to finish up the work.

SENATOR JONES.—Senator Jones, of Florida, who is in Detroit, said yesterday: "I feel well, and am resting, preparatory to going back to my place at Washington. People say I'm crazy. There was Senator Sharon, who served six months only at Washington, went back West and never returned. He got enough of it quicker than most of us. He drew his salary right along just the same. The newspapers didn't say he was crazy. There was Cameron, too. He did the same thing. He drove through England with a coach and four, and was gone for months. They didn't call him insane. The Pennsylvania papers didn't say he was crazy. But I am. Nobody's crazy but me. I'm going back in a few days. I suppose they'll call me crazy if I go back."

CLUVERUS.—Mr. Willie Cluverus has now received in all about twenty favorable responses to the circular which he sent out asking members of the General Assembly to urge the Governor to grant the prisoner a reprieve until the two houses meet. Day before yesterday a man named Collier, of New York, a spiritualist, went to the jail and had a long talk with Cluverus. During the conversation he held the prisoner's wrist in his hand. Collier says that from Cluverus's expression, the action of his muscles, and the pulsations of his wrist during the interview he believes "he did not murder the woman, but he knows as much about it as the man who did, and is equally guilty."

ANOTHER HORRIBLE MURDER.—A bundle of bloody clothing was found Tuesday in Lexington, Mass., and caused much surprise. Yesterday farmer Brooks discovered near the place the head of a man which had been severed from the body, and near it other portions of a body covered by snow. The head was washed and distorted by a terrible wound. It had evidently been chopped from the body with a dull axe. About a mile from where the head and arm were found the investigators discovered in a deep gully the mutilated trunk. It was naked and deep cuts in the hip and leg indicated the intention of the murderer of severing the left leg as they had the right, which had been rudely chopped off at the thigh. The Somerville police have received information which indicates that the disgraced remains are those of a well-to-do milk-man named George A. Colman.

Is your life worth 25 cents? If it is do not neglect a cough or cold. Use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup at once, and be cured by that never failing remedy.

Any one suffering from rheumatism or neuralgia would do well to use Salvation Oil. Price 25c.

Marriages.

One of the most brilliant social events in Richmond society this season was the marriage yesterday evening of Mr. Wm. L. Royall and Miss Judith Page Aylett. The ceremony took place at St. Paul's Episcopal Church. Miss Aylett, the bride, is a descendant of Patrick Henry, and is one of the belles of Richmond. Mr. Royall, the groom, is a lawyer who has risen rapidly in his profession. He is a descendant of Chief Justice Marshall. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Minnebrode, the aged rector of St. Paul's. The bride wore a toilet of cream-colored faille francaise, Duchesse lace drapery and corsage garniture and superb Duchesse lace veil, falling over to the end of her long court train, ornaments, diamonds, (gift of the groom), and held in her hand a white kid prayer-book, on which was carved her monogram in gold. The bridesmaids' dresses were white tulle skirts and moire, with alternate bouquets of pink and crimson roses. The bride entered the church and ascended the aisle, preceded by four bridesmaids. She was followed by the other bridesmaids, groomsmen and ushers. After the marriage a handsome reception was given the bridal party at the residence of Mr. Bolling, the brother-in-law of the bride, on West Franklin street. Mr. Royall and his bride will spend their honeymoon in New York.

Miss Virginia Pelham Stuart, daughter of Gen. J. E. B. Stuart, was married in Staunton yesterday morning at 8:30 to Mr. Robert Page Waller, of Norfolk. In consequence of the death a few days ago of the groom's mother, the wedding was entirely private, only three or four of the family being present. The wedding took place at the Virginia Female Institute, and the bride was given away by her mother. Very handsome presents were received by the bride. Just as the ceremony was over a telegram from Count Von Bork, at his castle in Prussia, who was on her father's staff. The groom was attended by his brother, Lieut. Waller, U. S. N., in full uniform. The newly married couple left for the North.

As stated in yesterday's GAZETTE, the Hon. Lucius Quintus Curtiss Lamar, Secretary of the Interior, was married at Macon, Ga., to Mrs. Wm. S. Holt, formerly Miss Henrietta Dean. The wedding party was restricted to the immediate relatives. At the appointed hour the officiating minister took his position. Mrs. Holt, dressed in a steel gray silk, leaning on the arm of Capt. R. E. Park, a son-in-law, left the sitting-room, followed by Secretary Lamar and Col. Ross. Reaching the hall-way the quartette separated, the Secretary joining Mrs. Holt and the pair walking, with right hands joined, to a position in front of the minister. The ceremony lasted only two minutes, after which congratulations were tendered. The wedding party then repaired to the breakfast-room. The bride presided over the table with ease and grace. Champagne, fruit and cake were features of the breakfast. The bridegroom is 61 and the bride 58. The bride has a handsome home in Macon, and a sure income of \$10,000 or \$12,000 a year.

COURT OF APPEALS YESTERDAY.—Commonwealth vs. Field, Field vs. Marye, Auditor, Puryear vs. Commonwealth, Anderson vs. Commonwealth, Allen and als vs. Commonwealth. Continued.

Commonwealth vs. Weller & Sons. Submitted.

Alexander vs. Byrd and others, Armistead vs. Bailey, Sery vs. Shue's administrator, Kerr vs. Kerr, Whitelaw vs. Whitelaw. Continued.

Smith and others vs. Moorman & Co. Dismissed agreed.

[COMMUNICATED.]

The clergy of our city are now laudably engaged with others throughout the Christian world observing the week of prayer. While we express our gratitude to them for holding nightly services and giving us the benefit of their faithful and acceptable addresses, may we not suggest to the clergyman of the hour leading the congregation in prayer as the means now specially recommended to bring blessing upon our community and world.

MANY.

DIED.
On Wednesday morning, January 5th, at 6:20 o'clock, ELIHU H. STANTON, in the 73d year of his age. Burial from his late residence, 88 South Lee street, to-norrow (Friday) evening, at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

Of membranous croup, Wednesday, January 5th, 1887, CARRIE, youngest daughter of Henry and Caroline Baader, aged 2 years and 11 months.

GOOD WHITE AND COLORED BLANKETS

very cheap at

AMOS B. SLAYMAKERS.

SILK CLOTHED BLACK HALF HOSE, Heavy

and Fine, at

AMOS B. SLAYMAKERS.

FRESH ITALIAN MACARONI, Breakfast Ham

and New York Beans just received.

GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

NEW CURRANTS AND CRANBERRIES just

received by

J. C. MILBURN.

PURE BLACKBERRY CORDIAL, made for

family use.

GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING

for sale by

J. D. H. LUNT.

A FULL LINE OF THE 50-C. SLAYMAKER

CORSETS at

A. B. SLAYMAKERS.

POTTED MEATS.—Ham, Beef, Tongue, Turkey,

Chicken, Duck and Game.

aug10 GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

10,000 SIX-OUNCE Cakes FINE TOILET

SOAP for sale at 5c each by

J. C. MILBURN.

CLOVER LEAF BONELESS COD FISH just

received by

J. C. MILBURN.

FINEST IMPORTED SARDINES, with patent

openers, for sale by

aug10 GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

CHOW CHOW and CHOP PICKLE just re-

ceived by

aug10 GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

REGULAR-MADE HOSE FOR CHILDREN,

from 6 to 8 1/2; black at 12 1/2c. For sale by

aug10 AMOS B. SLAYMAKERS.

RHEUMATISM CURED BY DR. MITCHELL'S

Celebrated Rheumatism Plaster, for sale by

aug11 W. F. CREIGHTON & CO.

GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA CURE, a sure

remedy for Asthma, just received and for sale by

aug11 W. F. CREIGHTON & CO.

POTATO CHIPS, in half-pound boxes, received

to-day by

aug11 J. C. MILBURN.

J. & R. MORLEY'S DOUBLED SOLED SU-

per Street Broadcloth Half Hose, for

aug11 AMOS B. SLAYMAKERS.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, SHOULDERS AND

BREAKFAST PIECES, choice, just received by

aug11 J. C. MILBURN.

MALAGA GRAPES and CAPE COD CRAN-

berries just received

aug11 GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

EADY-MIXED PAINT.—Harrison Bros.' cele-

brated Paint in gallon cans,

aug11 W. F. CREIGHTON & CO'S.

CHILDREN'S KNIT MITS, from 12 1/2 to 25c,

dec23 AT AMOS B. SLAYMAKERS.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

To-day's Proceedings of Congress.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 6, 1887.
SENATE.

A number of memorials were presented and referred.

Among the bills introduced and referred was one to protect the morals of miners in the District of Columbia.

After the transaction of some further business the Senate passed, without division, the bill to pension Mrs. Logan.

HOUSE.

During the morning hour the House resumed, in Committee of the Whole, the consideration of the bill for the permanent improvement of the Erie and Oswego canals, and to secure the freedom of the same to the commerce of the United States.

Arrest of a Murderer.

EFFINGHAM, Ill., Jan. 6.—Much excitement was created here by the news of the arrest at Nashville, Tenn., of Joshua M. Doyle for the shooting and killing of Nicholas Dausch, a German barber, in this city May 22, 1866. State's Attorney Harrah left for Nashville last evening to defend a babe corpus sued out by Doyle. In 1866 Doyle was a school teacher here. In May of that year he killed Dausch in a saloon without provocation. He was immediately arrested and was duly indicted. Public sentiment ran very high against him, and it was with much difficulty that Sheriff Humes prevented a lynching. In the jail with him were five other murderers under sentence of death, and all these, on the night of June 13, 1866, made their escape by means of false keys and by sawing bars. Doyle's is the first arrest of any of these escaped murderers. Several attempts have been made to get Doyle, but all proved futile. He was located in Kansas and then in Tennessee, but in some manner he would gain information of his pursuers and always sought successful refuge in the mountains. Doyle still has relations here, and his conviction will be stubbornly contested. Many of the witnesses of the shooting have died.

Earthquake Shock.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 6.—A special dispatch from Paige, Texas, says: "A slight shock of earthquake occurred here at 11 o'clock yesterday morning which lasted two or three seconds. The colored servants at the Williams House were greatly alarmed at the rattling of dishes and pans in the kitchen. In one store a number of cow bells suspended from the ceiling chimed. In other stores tinware and stove pipes rattled and the water pipes around the eaves of the houses were shaken down. Several clocks stopped. The shock was felt for several miles around, and evidently passed from south to north. A few say they heard a rumbling noise. No serious damage was done."

Chairmen of Senate Committees.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 6.—It is said to be probable that Senator Sewell will be made chairman of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, a position made vacant by the death of General Logan; that Senator Hawley, now chairman of the Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment, will succeed Gen. Sewell as chairman of the Library Committee, and that Senator Stanford will become Gen. Hawley's successor as chairman of the Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment. If these changes are made the clerks of these committees will probably retain their present positions during the session.

Contested Election Cases.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The House Committee on Elections to-day finally acted upon two contested election cases—Page vs. Pierce, a Rhode Island case, and Kidd vs. Steele, an Indiana contest. In the Rhode Island case the majority of the committee decided that neither of the parties are entitled to a seat. A minority report will be made to the House recommending that the sitting republican member—Pierce—be awarded the seat. In the Indiana case, the committee's report will be unanimous in favor of the right of Steele, a republican, to retain his seat.

Attempted Murder and Suicide.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Charles Johnson, a tailor, shot and killed himself yesterday, after a vain attempt to shoot his wife. Johnson was very jealous. Yesterday he quarreled with his wife and she threatened to seek a divorce from him. This so crazed him that he ran to the bureau and took a revolver from a drawer, fired twice at his wife slightly wounding her, and as she sank fainting with fright and excitement to the floor, he placed the weapon to his own head, fired twice and died instantly. Mrs. Johnson was not seriously injured.

Horrible Murder.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 6.—A special dispatch from Eldorado Springs, Mo., says: "A horrible murder was committed at the Cherokee Valley school-house, near this city, Tuesday night. At a prayer meeting which was being held at the school house a man named Oakes raised a disturbance, and upon being requested to desist by a farmer named Clark, drew a knife and cut the latter's throat from ear to ear. Oakes was arrested and will have a preliminary hearing next Saturday."

Socialists and Knights of Labor.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—The Socialistic element was victorious at the annual election of District Assembly No. 24, Knights of Labor, held last night. The conservative element